

MACOMB SAYS NATION MUST BACK POLICIES WITH SWORD

Monroe Doctrine, Open Door and Asiatic Exclusion Are Things That May Have To Be Fought Over Some Day

MILLS ENDORSES THE CONTINENTAL SCHEME OF SECRETARY OF WAR

National Security League Says Basis of Defense Must Rest Upon Compulsory Military Service By Every Eligible Man

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, January 23.—If the United States intends to uphold the world doctrine she has promulgated during the past hundred years, this country must make ready the force without which policies will be nothing. Such is the opinion of Brigadier General M. M. Macomb, president of the Army War College, who appeared before the senate military committee yesterday as a witness.

The Monroe Doctrine, upon which the United States has invited the smaller Republics of Central and South America to rely; the policy of the Open Door in the Orient, promulgated by Secretary of State Hay, upon which America relies for equal trade opportunities in China and Manchuria; the doctrine of the supremacy of the Pacific and the question of Asiatic exclusion from American possessions and the Pacific Coast States, are each nothing unless behind them is a force able to uphold them when challenged, declared General Macomb.

Doubtful of Pan-Americanism

The Monroe Doctrine, he said, tended to make the creation of a Pan-American Entente necessary. "Such a thing may be a good thing, and then again, it mightn't," he remarked.

Brigadier General A. L. Mills, of the general staff and chief of the division of militia affairs in the war department, was another distinguished witness before the committee. General Mills endorsed the plan of Secretary Garrison for the creation of a Continental army and deprecated the suggestion that such a force would only duplicate the National Guard, to the benefit of neither.

"It would be impossible to use the militia as the plan is to use the Continentals," he said.

SECURITY LEAGUE ENDORSES PLAN

WASHINGTON, January 23.—The National Security League, in session here, yesterday adopted a resolution endorsing the plan of Secretary Garrison, on the basis that they lay the groundwork for the development of the idea that the policy of defense rests upon and ought to depend upon ultimately obligatory military service of all male citizens physically fit.

The league went on record as favoring a regular army larger than that provided for in the administration program and also urged that the naval building program be augmented.

Among the speakers before the league yesterday were two former cabinet officers, both of the Taft administration. One was George W. Wickersham, Taft's attorney general, who said that it was an advocate of the repeal of the present law, which obligated the President, in the event of war, to call upon the State militia for service ahead of calling for volunteers. He believed that there should be no restrictions placed upon the Executive in time of a crisis.

The other former cabinet officer was Henry Stimson, Taft's secretary of war, who made a strong appeal for sup-

NAVAL ACTIVITIES MARK WAR NEWS

Germany Ready To Enter Into Peace With Belgium On Terms Dictated By Berlin

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, January 23.—Naval activities form the outstanding feature of yesterday's reports from the various war zones. Petrograd reports that a Russian torpedo boat, in the Black Sea, sunk two Turkish ships, bound for the Caucasus with war supplies. The crews of the two ships were taken off before the vessels were sunk and are being taken to Odessa as prisoners.

A Milan despatch states that a fleet of sixteen heavy ships of the Allies bombarded Porto Lagon on Wednesday, inflicting heavy damages ashore, destroying docks and barracks. Separate Belgian Peace

Announcement that Germany is ready to conclude a separate peace with Belgium comes in an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Amsterdam, which quotes the Frankfurter Zeitung as authority. The Zeitung, in discussing the question of such a separate peace, suggests that if the Belgians are wise they will accept the terms offered by Germany because if they wait too long Germany will consider Belgium a good prize and annex it definitely as a German province.

Liberate Civilians

An Overseas despatch from Berlin announces that the German and French governments have reached a satisfaction basis for the liberation of civilian prisoners, such government to set free the civilian citizens of the other held by it, provided such prisoners are not subject to military duty. This will affect all women, all boys under seventeen and all men over fifty-five years. When liberated, these civilians will be allowed to leave for neutral countries.

STEAMER SIGNALS FOR ASSISTANCE

Centralia, Carrying Passengers, In Sore Strait Somewhere Off Yaquina Coast

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
PORTLAND, January 24.—An S. O. S. signal, sent out by the S. S. Centralia, bound from Gray's Harbor for San Francisco, was received by the S. S. Marshallfield yesterday morning, the Centralia announcing that her condition was serious. At noon, wireless reports were received from the S. S. Governor, which reported that she was standing by "the wreck." No details of the trouble of the Centralia were sent.

The steamers Schley, Buck and Yosemite are known to be nearby. The Centralia, which has a crew of twenty men and is heavily loaded, is also carrying some passengers. Her agents state that engine trouble has probably caused her predicament. The agents express the hope that the vessel will be saved.

The Centralia is believed to be somewhere off the Yaquina coast.

ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS FIRE ON MUNITION SHIP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, January 22.—A mysterious fire has forced the Norwegian freighter Sygna to return to port. The Sygna sailed yesterday for Archangel, with a consignment of munitions and other war supplies for the Russian government. An investigation is now in progress.

DRUNKEN SON WAS STABBED BY FATHER

HILO, January 22.—Booze was the cause of a fight between a Chinese father and son in the Puuao district early this week in which the younger man received wounds necessitating treatment at the hospital. The parent, Ah Kim, was placed in detention and is held pending the outcome of his son's injuries.

Ah Kim Brown, the son returned home early in the evening in a drunken condition and in a quarrel which followed immediately with his father threw the latter out of the house. In defense, neighbors say, Ah Kim drew a knife and began slashing his adversary. When neighbors intervened the younger man was suffering from a number of severe cuts about the head. The wounds are not expected to prove serious.

Referring to the details of the Garrison program, he said that they make up a sound initial step, indicating his belief that further steps will be necessary to provide the ideal plan for meeting the problem of national defense.

Senator Blinn Root of New York, who was unable personally to be present, sent a letter in which he endorsed the contention of Secretary Garrison that the National Guard does not furnish a dependable medium for army increase to the extent proposed by the experts.

It is understood that a plan is now being worked out to consolidate all the existing organizations formed to back the preparedness programs. President Bacon of the security league will probably head the consolidation.

FLOODS RENDER MANY HOMELESS

Arizona and Illinois Swept By Torrents—Further Damage Is Now Feared

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
YUMA, Arizona, January 23.—Thousands are homeless here and there have been several deaths, due to the flooding of the city by the waters which have swept away the intake gate at the Imperial Valley irrigation project's diversion dam. The water is several feet deep in the streets and a river is rushing down the main street.

In the lower sections of the city, occupied by Mexicans, all the stores are flooded and the loss has been great. Further Damage Feared

The Colorado is rising and further destruction is feared. A committee of citizens has been formed to take charge of the situation.

Mayor C. C. Moore dropped dead today of heart failure caused by excitement. There is almost a panic in the city.

United States troops are aiding in strengthening the government levee, which broke through in one place today and inundated the lower lands.

ILLINOIS HIT HARD

CHICAGO, January 22.—Thousands of people are homeless in northern and central Illinois on account of the floods which have followed the storms of the last few weeks. The receding waters make the possibility of an epidemic a matter of grave anxiety and in neighboring cities is causing the health officials to issue stringent orders for sanitary measures.

ALASKA COLD INTENSE

SEATTLE, January 22.—All over Alaska the weather is below zero.

In Eagle it is sixty-four below, in Tanana sixty-two and in Nome twenty below. At Richardson the thermometer marks forty degrees of frost.

YEE YO KEUK TELLS COURT LIFE HISTORY

Korean Bandit Displeased When Jurist Calls Halt On Lengthy Biographical Recital

For the crime of first-degree robbery, of which he was convicted during the week, Yee Yo Keuk, the Korean bandit, was sentenced by Judge Ashford yesterday to not less than five nor more than twenty years' imprisonment at hard labor in Oahu Prison, the new term of imprisonment beginning yesterday. The costs of court were remitted.

On invitation of the court, Yee Yo Keuk told Judge Ashford most of his life history, especially of his escapades since he got away from Jailer Fern's custody and up to the time policemen with shooting irons captured him. The courtroom was crowded, and, feeling encouraged, as the average actor feels when he has a good scene, Yee went over the ground several times, until a halt was called by Judge Ashford, whose eyes for some time had been glued on the electrical clock on the wall opposite the defendant.

"I wish, Your Honor, that you would let me tell you my whole life history," Yee told the court, through John Woo, the Korean interpreter.

"Well, I'm sending you where you will have lots of time to tell it in the future, and some day, probably some Sunday, and as often after that as shall be necessary for the full recital of your life history," Judge Ashford said.

"I will go down to see and hear you," Yee said.

In being told that he would be permitted by the court to say what kind of a sentence should be passed on him, Yee Yo Keuk thought a moment.

"I feel that it is all up to your honor," he told Judge Ashford, "and I do not dare to ask your honor to be lenient toward me; if I did I should ask your honor to let me go free."

He said he was thirty-seven years old and innocent of the crime of which he had been convicted. He had, however, told the court, committed other crimes while he had been at large.

At one stage of the proceedings Judge Ashford said that he was sending Yee Yo Keuk to jail, but had no assurance that he would stay there.

"However, it is up to you," the jurist told the convicted bandit, "how soon after you have served your minimum sentence you will be set free. I'm taking a personal interest in you and if you behave yourself it will go well with you. I'll drop in now and then and see how you are getting along."

The second charge against Yee Yo Keuk, that of assault with intent to commit murder, was dismissed by the court on motion of City Attorney Brown, and Yee Yo Keuk left the court, snubbing along with a crowd, to remain in jail until he gets out again.

OMEGA FOUND TO BE IN FINE SHAPE BY BOARD

Captains J. R. Macaulay and M. A. Madison and J. J. Winther, the latter the master of the schooner William Bowden, inspected the Inter-Island schooner Omega on the drydock yesterday morning.

Captains Macaulay and Madison found her to be in the ship. The inspection was for George E. Billings, who has bought the vessel presumably for Conyn, Mackall & Co., remoter from San Francisco as her purchasers.

The Omega will sail for Port Town send to load lumber, it is expected.

FEW DETAILS TO ADD TO REPORTS OF BIG STORM ON THE VALLEY ISLE

Still Searching For the Dead, With Known List Standing At Twelve — Mauna Kea Brings News of Lahaina's Experiences

LANAI SUFFERED SOME IN WASHED OUT ROADS

Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, Through President, Officially Expresses Grief of This City Over Maui's Misfortune

With one Japanese girl still missing, and believed to have been drowned by the floods on Maui last week, the death list remained stationary at twelve yesterday, and it is thought that the total of the victims claimed by the kona has been reported. No wireless despatches from the Valley Island reached here up to midnight yesterday, but news and additional details of the damage done by the storm came on the Inter-Island steamer Mauna Kea, just in from Lahaina.

That village, it appears escaped the full fury of the kona, and according to reports the damage was comparatively slight. No one was killed and no houses were washed away as was the case at Waialua. The radio station and the power plant were put out of commission by the floods and the streets were filled inches deep with mud, but the mud is being swiftly cleared away and the electric stations are reported to be working again. The only real loss suffered at Lahaina was that of two Japanese fishing sampans, smashed by the seas.

Repairs Are Busy

The road to Waialua, cut into great gullies by the floods and piled high with boulders and broken limbs of trees, will be repaired within a few days according to reports brought by Freight Clerk Thompson, of the Mauna Kea yesterday. The telephone repair gang is also hard at work and expects to have communications opened up again in a few days.

The steamer had little trouble landing passengers and freight at Lahaina on both her inner and outward trips, and the weather on the howevers bound voyage was delightful.

Travelers on the Mauna Kea, who were on the island of Lanai during the worst of last week's storm, report that island also suffered, particularly the roads, which are cut and gutted by the rains and the wash from the bank.

Word of Sympathy

The local chamber of commerce yesterday sent to the Maui chamber the following message of sympathy:

"January 23, 1916.
"Mr. F. F. Baldwin,
"President, Maui Chamber of Commerce, Waialua, Maui.
"Dear Mr. Baldwin:
"It would not be typical of Hawaiian human nature to hear of the terrible calamity suffered by the Island of Maui during the past week without giving vent to genuine expression of sympathy."

"Individually, and on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, I wish to voice the intense feeling of sorrow caused the members of our body upon receiving the telegraphic account of the catastrophe."

"It is with extreme regret we learn of the apparent heavy damage to property, but, above all, we wish to tender our most sincere sympathies to the people of Maui who are suffering by the sudden taking away of loved members of their families during the storm which carried with it a toll unknown before in Hawaii."

"Very respectfully,
"FRED L. WALDRON,
"President."

List of Dead
The following list of the dead to date has been made public on Maui:

Mrs. Sodotani, a Japanese, about 30 years old, and her two-year-old child.

Juan Roman Madronar, about 40 years of age, and his thirty-two-year-old wife and two-month-old baby girl.

Seville Fernandez, aged about forty, his wife about thirty years of age, and a son about one and one-half years old.

Theodore Marques, a Filipino, about twenty-five years old.

Chinese, forty years of age; name is unknown.

A Japanese Buddhist priest, named Suyataki Jitsu, age about thirty years.

A daughter of Mrs. Sodotani, the dead Japanese woman, is still missing.

STRAIGHT AT IT.
There is no use of our "bentling around the bush." We might as well out with it first as last. We want you to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the next time you have a cough or cold.

There is no reason so far as we can see why you should not do so. This preparation by its remarkable cures has gained a world wide reputation, and people everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It is for sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

JAPAN LEADER IN THE ORIENT

Yuan Shih-kai Bows To Warning Not To Restore Monarchy At Present Time

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
TOKIO, January 27.—Baron Ishii, the minister of foreign affairs, in a statement made before the house of peers yesterday, announced that China had signified her intention of postponing the inauguration of the monarchy because of the internal conditions in China, which made the restoration of the throne inexpedient at this time.

While this is the announced reason for the determination of the Chinese government to postpone the coronation of Yuan Shih-kai, said the foreign minister, he interpreted the move as an evidence of the ascendancy which Japan now exercises in China, the refusal of Japan to express an agreement with the proposed change having affected the course of Peking materially.

JAPAN READY TO REPEAT WARNING

(Special Telegram to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKIO, January 22.—In giving formal notice to Mr. Hioi, Japanese minister to Peking, that he would postpone indefinitely the formal accession of the throne and his own coronation of Emperor of China, Yuan Shih-kai was taking cognizance of the firm stand of Japan against a change in the form of government of China now. This became known today from a well informed person.

The Chinese minister to Tokio, Liu Tung-yu, sent to Peking a secret cablegram notifying Yuan that Japan proposed to send another warning against a change now, and Yuan, it is reported, was so surprised at the firmness of the Tokio government that he hastily notified Minister Hioi that he would postpone the coronation indefinitely.

Minister Liu had heard of a meeting of the Okuma cabinet January 20, which was attended by all members of the cabinet and which discussed in detail the Sino-Japanese situation. At the close of the discussion Marquis Okuma, premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, left to the palace to report to the emperor. Three of the Elder Statesmen also were summoned to the palace, where, before them and the Emperor, Okuma and Ishii explained the situation in full and what had been agreed upon as the final policy of Japan: that the stand against Yuan according to the throne now would be maintained. This was approved.

Minister Liu learned the result of these conferences and sent his cablegram to Peking.

REVOLUTIONISTS ARE STEADILY WINNING

(Special Telegram to Liberty News.)
SHANGHAI, January 22.—The province of Shansi in the north of China has declared independence of Yuan Shih-kai, and the troops of that province will make an attack on Peking.

Shansi province adjoins Chihai province, the stronghold of the Monarchists on the west, and is entirely in the hands of the revolutionary troops.

Yen Shi-shen, military governor of this province who has gone over to the revolutionists, has ordered one division of the Shansi army to make an attack on Peking via the Peking and Hankow railroad. The road from the west runs from the capital city of Shansi to Chungking in the province of Chihai. This road is owned by the French government, and troops have already advanced over most of the territory of Chungking.

Strategy of Attack
Military authorities here believe that the proposed attack on Peking is for no other purpose than to hold Yuan's troops in the capital city, so reinforcements can not be sent to Honan and other provinces where engagements are now taking place.

The allied troops of Yunnan and Kwai-chow have taken the capital of Sze Chuen, Cheng Dou. This was the last stronghold of the monarchists in that province and when the attack was made on the garrison the defensive troops cast their lot with the revolutionists, and Cheng Dou, the military governor, was forced to flee for his life.

Yuan Grows Anxious
It is announced in a Peking report that Yuan Shih-kai has dismissed the civil governor of Shansi province, on account of his lack of interest in the crisis. In another report Yuan has ordered the officials of the Peking and Hankow railroad not to take citizens of Shansi province as passengers.

The rebels operating in Yunnan province have defeated the government troops and are gaining strength materially. They are now moving northward and reinforcements for the loyal army are being sent to meet them.

It is believed that the rebels intend to proceed to Cheng Tu, capital of Szechuen province, and try to use this city as an important headquarters for the revolutionary movement.

PRESIDENT YACHTING WITH HIS BRIDE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, January 22.—President Wilson, his wife and his personal secretaries are on the presidential yacht Mayflower, cruising on the Potomac and bound for Chesapeake Bay. They will return on Monday.

President's speaking trip on behalf of his national defense program will soon begin and it is learned that it will probably include a number of platform speeches made from the President's private car as the train stops at various towns between the principal speaking points.

DEAD ROT DURING WATCHFUL WAITING

State of Oaxaca Bandit-Bidden — Villa ends Words That He Is Blameless

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
EL PASO, January 23.—Eight awaying bodies decomposing upon the tree upon which they had been hanged by bandits, the eight dead being Americans, according to the information of Mexicans living nearby, was one of the sights seen by A. J. Trumbo, a Louisiana, who has just returned from the State of Oaxaca, which is so plagued by bandits as to be unsafe for any foreigner. Mr. Trumbo has made an affidavit covering what he knows of Oaxacan conditions, which document will be forwarded to the state department at Washington.

Oaxaca is lawless, with roving bands of pillagers and murderers, without regard to law of God or man, reports Mr. Trumbo, who says that the Carranza soldiers in the State are wholly powerless to cope with the situation. The eight dead bodies which he had been told were those of Americans executed by the bandits, were so decomposed as to be beyond identification.

Bandit To Die Today
Yesterday the details of the killing of another American rancher by Mexican cattle thieves became known here, while the news also comes that the Mexican responsible for the killing has been caught and will be executed in public today at Juarez. The dead American is Bert Akers. His slayer is Bernardo Duran, who has confessed to his act. Akers is a well known rancher and Duran is equally well known as a cattle thief and bandit. The killing took place just south of the border.

Akers, accompanied by Douglas Downs and another American whose name is not known, went across the border to recover some cattle stolen by the Mexican thieves from Mr. Akers. J. D. Murphy, Akers' sister-in-law has learned that Duran and his brother Frederico began the shooting affair in which Akers was killed.

Villa Not Guilty
In the meanwhile, Villa has sent a special messenger across the line to this place to announce to the Americans that he should not be held in any degree responsible for the murders at Cuat, which he condemns. This message was brought by one of Villa's officers, Major Teodoro Prieto, who crossed through the Carranza lines and over the border in disguise to bring the message of his chief to the people of the United States.

Villa, says Major Prieto, has also commenced a search for the men responsible for the killing of the eighteen Americans at Cuat, who acted without any justification and without orders. When these men are run down by the Villistas, they will be summarily executed, even if, when they are found, they should turn out to be Villistas themselves.

Major Prieto reports that Villa is in the vicinity of Pearson, Chihuahua, in no danger of capture.

Murderer Deported
Word from New Orleans is that Maximo Castillo, a Mexican bandit leader, has been deported by the federal authorities and has taken a boat for Havana. Castillo is reported to be the murderer who forced a train into a tunnel, at full speed, after he had destroyed the tunnel in its center with dynamite. The train was wrecked and twenty-one Americans were amongst the passengers killed. The train burned up and the bodies were unrecognizable when recovered. This happened in February of 1914.

Custom Men Shoot
Customs officers here yesterday opened fire on Mexicans who were attempting to cross the border carrying among their little belongings bundles of rag.

The Mexican refugees fled.

The customs men have received strict orders not to allow rags to be brought across the border, because they carry the germs of the typhus which is now rampant in Mexico.

SNOWSLIDE HITS PASSENGER TRAIN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
SEATTLE, January 23.—Six persons were killed instantly and fifteen others injured yesterday when the westbound Great Northern train from Spokane was partially wrecked near the summit of the Cascade mountain range, over which it passes on its way to the Puget Sound country. The train was hit by a terrific snow avalanche near Summit, and hurled from its tracks three hundred feet down the west slope.

The train was at a standstill when it was struck. It was just about to proceed after clearing away a minor snow obstruction on the track.

The dinner and day coaches got the full impact of the avalanches.

HAWAII SUPERVISORS
TO BUY LAW BOOKS

HILO, January 22.—The county supervisors set aside an appropriation of \$1000 at their last meeting for improvement and enlargement of the library of the third circuit court, at Kailua, Kona. Half the amount is to be used in enlarging the library, the balance for books, furniture and bookcases.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE

(Tablets). Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

AMENDMENT IS AGREED ON TO EXCLUDE LABOR FROM THE EAST

No Hindus, Mongolians Nor Malays Are To Be Allowed Admission To United States Unless Excepted By Treaty

CLASSIFICATION FRANKLY DESIGNED TO PREVENT INFLUX OF JAPANESE

Bill Will Be Reported This Week, When Flood of Anti-Japanese Oratory May Be Expected In Debate To Follow

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, January 23.—With an amendment, barring from entry into the United States all "Hindus, Mongolians and Malays," the Burnett Immigration Bill, designed to restrict immigration, will probably be reported to the house, in which guise the measure will be, to all intents and purposes unless further amended, a Japanese exclusion act. It is suggested, however, that the bill will be still further amended by the addition of a provision permitting exemptions to be included in treaty agreements.

Intent Not Discussed

The amendment passed by the house committee yesterday is frankly drawn for the purpose of stopping any "influx of Japanese labor," it being taken for granted that the Japanese race falls within the scope of the classifications, "Hindus, Mongolians and Malays."

The restrictions on the Oriental races are the culmination of efforts of Pacific coast members of congress, who are trying to secure drastic legislation on this subject.

Broad Exclusion
As the bill probably will be reported to the house, it proposes the exclusion of the brown and yellow races, with certain exceptions which relate to passports chiefly. It broadens the penalty for violating the provisions of the immigration act so that instead of fine or imprisonment being made the penalty, both fine and imprisonment must be imposed.

Other penalties are provided so that steamship companies convicted of being involved in schemes to land aliens against the regulations may be punished.

The bill is to be reported this week and it is expected that the debate upon it will be protracted and heated.

GOETHALS UNABLE TO SET A DATE FOR CANAL REOPENING

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
PANAMA, January 21.—Governor Goethals reports that the canal is not ready to be reopened and that there is no certainty when it will be ready again for regular business. He is unable at this time to set any date for a resumption of traffic. The dredgers are able, when they are not interrupted by shipping traversing the channel, to gain on the slides, but the gains are slow.

Governor Goethals and General Edwards leave for Washington tomorrow.

SUCCESS OF FLIGHT TO MEAN MORE AIRSHIPS

(Special Telegram to Hawaii Ship.)
TOKIO, January 22.—The first long distance flight of an airship in Japan was completed today when the one airship owned by the Japanese army finished a successful flight from Tokorozawa to Osaka, a distance of 400 miles. The success of the flight means that Japan will build more airships in the future.